C.R.S. 13-14-105

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Statutes current and final through all legislation from the 2023 Regular and First Extraordinary Sessions.

- Colorado Revised Statutes Annotated
- Title 13. Courts and Court Procedure (§§ 13-1-101 13-100-102)
- Civil Protection Orders (Arts. 14 14.5)
- Article 14. Civil Protection Orders (§§ 13-14-100.2 13-14-110)

13-14-105. Provisions relating to civil protection orders.

- (1) A municipal court of record that is authorized by its municipal governing body to issue protection or restraining orders and any county court, in connection with issuing a civil protection order, has original concurrent jurisdiction with the district court to include any provisions in the order that the municipal or county court deems necessary for the protection of persons, including but not limited to orders:
- (a) Restraining a party from threatening, molesting, or injuring any other party or the minor child of either of the parties;
- (b) Restraining a party from contacting any other party or the minor child of either of the parties;
- (c) Excluding a party from the family home upon a showing that physical or emotional harm would otherwise result;
- (d) Excluding a party from the home of another party upon a showing that physical or emotional harm would otherwise result;

(e)

- (I) Awarding temporary care and control of any minor children of either party involved for a period of not more than one year.
- (II) If temporary care and control is awarded, the order may include parenting time rights for the other party involved and any conditions of such parenting time, including the supervision of parenting time by a third party who agrees to the terms of the supervised parenting time and any costs associated with supervised parenting time, if necessary. If the restrained party is unable to pay the ordered costs, the court shall not place such responsibility with publicly funded agencies. If the court finds that the safety of any child or the protected party cannot be ensured with any form of parenting time reasonably available, the court may deny parenting time.
- (III) The court may award interim decision-making responsibility of a child to a person entitled to bring an action for the allocation of parental responsibilities under section 14-10-123, C.R.S., when such award is reasonably related to preventing domestic abuse as defined in section 13-14-101 (2), or preventing the child from witnessing domestic abuse.
- (IV) Temporary care and control or interim decision-making responsibility must be determined in accordance with the standard contained in section 14-10-124, C.R.S.
- **(f)** Restraining a party from interfering with a protected person at the person's place of employment or place of education or from engaging in conduct that impairs the protected person's employment, educational relationships, or environment;
- (g) Restraining a party from molesting, injuring, killing, taking, transferring, encumbering, concealing, disposing of or threatening harm to an animal owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by any other party or a minor child of any other party;
- (h) Specifying arrangements for possession and care of an animal owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by any other party or a minor child of any other party;
- (i) Granting such other relief as the court deems appropriate;

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(I) Entering a temporary injunction restraining the respondent from ceasing to make payments for mortgage or rent, insurance, utilities or related services, transportation, medical care, or child care when the respondent has a prior existing duty or legal obligation or from transferring, encumbering, concealing, or in any way disposing of personal effects or real property, except in the usual course of

business or for the necessities of life and requiring the restrained party to account to the court for all extraordinary expenditures made after the injunction is in effect.

- (II) Any injunction issued pursuant to this paragraph (j) is effective upon personal service or upon waiver and acceptance of service by the respondent for a period of time determined appropriate by the court not to exceed one year after the issuance of the permanent civil protection order.
- (III) The provisions of the injunction must be printed on the summons, and the petition and the injunction become an order of the court upon fulfillment of the requirements of subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (j).
- (IV) Nothing in this paragraph (j) precludes either party from applying to the district court for further temporary orders, an expanded temporary injunction, or modification or revocation. Any subsequent order issued by the district court as part of a domestic matter involving the parties supersedes an injunction made pursuant to this paragraph (j).
- (2) Any order for temporary care and control issued pursuant to subsection (1) of this section is governed by the "Uniform Child-custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act", article 13 of title 14, C.R.S.

History

Source:L. 2013:Entire section added with relocations, (HB 13-1259), ch. 218, p. 1008, § 11, effective July 1.

▼Annotations

Research References & Practice Aids

Hierarchy Notes:

C.R.S. Title 13, Art. 14

State Notes

Notes

Editor's note:

This section is similar to former § 13-14-102 (15) and (16) as they existed prior to 2013.

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